Α E4801

Total Pages: 2 Name: APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY FOURTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2018 Course Code: MA202 Course Name: PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS, TRANSFORMS AND NUMERICAL **METHODS** Max. Marks: 100 **Duration: 3 Hours** (Normal distribution table is allowed in the examination hall) PART A (MODULES I AND II) Marks Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks Derive the formula for mean and variance of Binomial distribution. 1 (7) 100 fair dice are thrown. Find the expectation of the sum of the numbers thrown. (8) a) A continuous random variable X has a pdf $f(x) = kx^2e^{-x}$; $x \ge 0$. (7) ii) Mean of the distribution. Find i) Value of k and If X is a uniformly distributed R V with mean 1 and variance $\frac{4}{3}$, find P(|X-2|<2)(8) The time in hours required to repair a machine is exponentially distributed with 3 (7) mean 20. What is the Probability that the required time: i) Exceeds 30 hrs ii) Between 16 hrs and 24 hrs. b) Marks of a set of students for a certain subject are approximately normally (8)distributed with mean 62 and variance 9. If 4 students are randomly selected, what is the probability that 3 of them have less than 60 marks? PART B (MODULES III AND IV) Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks Find the Fourier Integral representation of $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } |x| < 1 \\ 0 & \text{if } |x| > 1 \end{cases}$ (7) Find the Fourier Sine Transform of $f(x) = e^{-|x|}$. Hence evaluate $\int_0^\infty \frac{\omega \sin \omega x}{1+\omega^2} d\omega$. (8) Find the Laplace Transform of: 5 a) (7) (ii) $e^{-2t}cos^2t$ (i) sin3t cos 2t Find the Inverse Laplace Transform of: (8)(i) $\frac{S-4}{S^2-4}$ (ii) $\frac{4}{S^2-2S-3}$ a) Find the Fourier Cosine Transform of $f(x) = \sin x$; $0 < x < \pi$. 6 (7) b) Solve, by using Laplace Transform: $y'' + y = 3 \cos 2t$; y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0. (8) PART C (MODULES V AND VI)

Answer any two full questions, each carries 20 marks

- a) Find a root lying between 0 and $\frac{\pi}{2}$ of $f(x) = \cos x 3x + 1 = 0$. (correct to 3) (6) decimal places).
 - b) Using Lagrange's interpolation formula, fit a polynomial to the given data and (7) hence find y(2)

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X	1	3	4	
y	1	27	64	

- c) Using Newton's Forward Interpolation Formula, find the value of $\sin 52^{\circ}$ given that (6) $\sin 45^{\circ} = 0.7071$, $\sin 50^{\circ} = 0.7660$, $\sin 55^{\circ} = 0.8192$, $\sin 60^{\circ} = 0.8660$, $\sin 65^{\circ} = 0.9063$.
- 8 a) Solve the following equations by Gauss-Seidel iteration Method. (correct to 3 decimal places). (7)

$$27x + 6y - z = 85$$
, $6x + 15y + 2z = 72$, $x + y + 54z = 110$.

- b) Use Euler's Method with h=0.025, compute the value of y(0.1) for $y'=x-y^2; \ y(0)=1.$ (7)
- c) A river is 80m wide. The depth y in meters at a distance x meter from one bank is given by the following table. (6)

X	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
y	0	5	8	10	15	12	7	3	1

Find approximately the area of cross section using Simpson's $\frac{1}{3}$ rd rule.

- 9 a) Using Newton-Raphson Method, derive a formula to find $\sqrt[3]{N}$ where *N* is a real number. Hence evaluate $\sqrt[3]{35}$ correct to three decimal places.
 - b) Using Runge- Kutta Method of Fourth Order, $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{x + y}$; y(0) = 1, find y(0.2) (10) with h = 0.1
